HMJS Mathematics Strand Tracker

STATISTICS

Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Statistics	Statistics	Statistics	Statistics
Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:
 interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables solve one-step and two-step questions [for example 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables Non-Statutory Pupils understand and use simple scales (for example, 2, 5, 10 units per cm) in pictograms and bar charts with increasing accuracy. They continue to interpret data presented in many contexts. 	interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs	 solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables Non-Statutory Pupils connect their work on coordinates and scales to their interpretation of time graphs. They begin to decide which representations of data are most appropriate and why. 	 interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems calculate and interpret the mean as an average Non-Statutory Pupils connect their work on angles, fractions and percentages to the interpretation of pie charts. Pupils both encounter and draw graphs relating two variables, arising from their own enquiry and in other subjects. They should connect conversion from kilometres to miles in measurement to its graphical representation. Pupils know when it is appropriate to find the mean of a data set.